

# A HANDBOOK FOR CUSTODIAL PARTIES

Arkansas Office of Child Support Enforcement



Child Support ... Your kids are counting on you



It is the responsibility of both parents to make sure the basic needs of their children are met. Even so, some children do not get the support they need. The purpose of the Arkansas Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE) is to help ensure children have their financial and health care needs met.

There are three parties in every child support case. The custodial party is the parent or physical custodian who lives with the child and has the day-to-day responsibilities of raising that child. The noncustodial parent does not live with the child but, along with the custodial party, has a responsibility to provide financial and/or medical support. Finally, there are the children who deserve to have the financial and emotional support of both parents.

This publication is a handbook for the custodial party who has an open enforcement case with the Arkansas Office of Child Support Enforcement.

# WHAT THE CHILD SUPPORT OFFICE DOES

OCSE is responsible for the delivery of child support services as required by state and federal law. OCSE provides services to custodial parties who want assistance in establishing and/or enforcing child and/or medical (health insurance) support orders. Among other things, OCSE helps establish paternity, collects and distributes child support payments to custodial parties, and enforces unpaid child and medical support. Custodial parties receiving public assistance, such as Temporary Employment Assistance (TEA), are automatically referred to our office to assist the State in making sure the children are cared for.

It's important to remember that OCSE represents the State's interest in making sure children receive financial and medical support. OCSE does not represent custodial parties nor noncustodial parents. Our policies and procedures are based on federal and state law.

### SERVICES AVAILABLE TO THE CUSTODIAL PARTY

OCSE provides the following services to its customers:

- Search for a noncustodial parent
- Establish paternity for a child
- Establish an order for financial and medical support
- Collect child support payments
- Modify your present child support order

### SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE TO YOU IF...

- You are the parent, legal guardian, or caretaker of a child under 18 years of age who lives with you.
- Unpaid child support is owed to you, the child is over the age of 18, and the amount to be recovered is based on a court order. If the child is over the age of 23 and a judgment has not been entered setting out the total amount of unpaid support owed, enforcement may be limited based on the circumstances of the case.

### **CUSTODY AND VISITATION**

OCSE has no authority to assist you with any custody or visitation issues. You may need to contact a private attorney to address those issues. If you and the noncustodial parent are willing to work together, mediation services are available through a federally-funded grant administered by the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC). Contact AOC directly at (501) 682-9400 for more information on mediation services.



### **RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

A custodial party has a right to

- be notified of action by OCSE that impacts the child support case
- get payment information, including the amount paid toward late payments and the amount paid toward fees
- request a review of the child support amount once every three years, or more often if there is a significant change in the noncustodial parent's income
- ask for a management review of your case

A custodial party has a responsibility to

- go to all scheduled court appearances
- respond to the court's and OCSE's requests for information
- notify OCSE and the court if you move, change your contact numbers, or change names
- notify OCSE if you hire a private attorney



### THINGS YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT CHILD SUPPORT

- 1. OCSE caseworkers and attorneys represent the State's interest in a child support case. OCSE does not represent the custodial party nor the noncustodial parent. OCSE will take the action it believes is appropriate in enforcing your case.
- 2. You have the right to be present at all court hearings regarding your paternity or child support case. If you fail to appear for a scheduled hearing, your case may be decided without your input or may be dismissed.
- 3. You should completely read what you are signing and keep all documents for your records. Once you sign something, you have agreed to it. If you do not agree with what you are asked to sign, do not sign it; you may wish to consider consulting with a private attorney.
- 4. You have the right to request a review of your child support order once every three years. However, you may request a review sooner if there is an increase or decrease of the noncustodial parent's income by \$100 monthly or 20%; if the noncustodial parent does not admit to a change in income, it will be your responsibility to prove the increase or decrease in income.
- 5. If you disagree with an action made by a child support caseworker, you have the right to ask for a review of the action from the Office Manager.
- 6. You have the right to employ an attorney to represent you. If you choose to have an attorney, you should advise OCSE. OCSE will then communicate only with your attorney.
- 7. Although you will have a caseworker assigned to your case, other workers in the local office are able to assist you with your questions regarding your case.
- 8. If you move out of state, you may, but are not required to, apply for services in your new state. OCSE will continue to work your case until your case is opened in your new state.

### WHAT TO EXPECT

OCSE is required to work within time frames and guidelines set out by federal and state law. There may be actions we can't take at a certain time, or at all. Ultimately, the court makes many of the decisions. OCSE's success in collecting child support depends on the availability of the noncustodial parent, what information you provide and what information we can access. Below is a table setting out expectations for collections of child support.

	Whereabouts of the noncustodial parent				
Income of the non- custodial parent		Known and in Arkansas	Known but out of Arkansas	Unknown because he/she moves around a lot	Unknown and no idea where to look
	Salaried with steady employment	Good likelihood of payment	Good likelihood of payment	Medium likelihood of payment	Medium/low likelihood of payment
	Some income or assets known; or possibly self- employed	Medium likelihood of payment; may take months	Medium likelihood of payment; may take months	Medium/low likelihood of payment; may take years	Medium/low likelihood of payment; may take years
	Income or assets are unknown; or self-employed	Medium/low likelihood; may take months	Medium/low likelihood; may take years	Medium/low likelihood; may take years	Medium/low likelihood; may take years
	Unemployed; works for cash; possibly dependent on drugs or alcohol	Low likelihood; may take months	Low likelihood; may take months	Poor likelihood; may take years	Poor likelihood; may take years
	No idea whatsoever	Poor likelihood; may take months or years	Poor likelihood; may take months or years	Poor likelihood; may take years or many years	Poor likelihood; may take many years and perhaps never

### **ISSUES THAT MAY AFFECT YOUR CHILD SUPPORT**

There are things that may occur that could increase, decrease, or stop your child support obligation, depending on what your court order says. Some examples are:

- Summer visitation Your court order may allow the noncustodial parent to have an extended summer visitation with the children. In some instances, the order may allow the support payments to be reduced during those visitation periods.
- Review and Adjustment of the court order Each parent may request a review of the support order once every three years, or if the noncustodial parent's income significantly changes. Reviews are conducted in accordance with the Arkansas Child Support Guidelines. Support obligations could be adjusted up or down or could remain the same.
- Age of Emancipation The age of emancipation in Arkansas is 18. Unless a court order for child support specifically states otherwise, the noncustodial parent's duty to pay child support for a child will automatically end when the child turns 18; however, if the child is still attending high school, child support continues until the child graduates or at the end of the school year after the child reached 19 years of age, whichever is earlier, or otherwise emancipates under State law. As each child in the support order emancipates, the noncustodial parent is entitled to an adjustment in support for the remaining minor children.

### **ESTABLISHING PATERNITY**

Establishing paternity is the legal term for determining the father of a child who was born out of wedlock. You may hear the term putative father. A putative father is a person who is believed to be the father of a child but who has not been legally established to be the father of a child born out of wedlock.

If you were married to the father of your child at the time of birth or if the father's name is on the birth certificate, he is generally presumed to be the father. However, if you were not married to the father of your child and his name is not on the birth certificate, you can legally establish that he is the father in one of two ways:

- If you're sure he is the father of the child and you and he agree, you may both sign a Voluntary Acknowledgment of Paternity. OCSE can assist you in doing this.
- If you aren't sure he's the father of the child, you may wish to ask for a genetic test. OCSE can assist you.

What happens if you signed an Acknowledgment of Paternity, but you later feel the man on the birth certificate is not the father of the child? OCSE does not have the authority to assist in such matters, but you may ask the court for genetic testing if paternity and support were established without testing. You will be responsible for obtaining the test; it cannot be arranged through OCSE. This may require the assistance of an attorney.

### **ESTABLISHING A CHILD SUPPORT ORDER**

The amount of child support a noncustodial parent should pay is determined by using the Child Support Guidelines, which were established by the Arkansas Supreme Court. These guidelines are used by the courts to determine an appropriate amount of child and medical support a noncustodial parent should be responsible for paying. A judge may strictly use the guidelines to set support or may deviate from them depending on certain circumstances of the noncustodial parent and/or the custodial parenty. You can review the guidelines by going to our website at *www.childsupport.arkansas.gov* and then go to Resources / Child Support Charts.



### **ENFORCING A CHILD SUPPORT ORDER**

OCSE has numerous tools available to assist custodial parties in collecting current child support and arrears associated with support. One of the primary tools or methods is to attach the wages of the noncustodial parent through income withholding. OCSE can also file property liens, report child support debts to credit agencies, and suspend driver's and other licenses, intercept income tax refunds, intercept Arkansas Lottery winnings, prepare your case for and take court action, and request another state to enforce an order when needed.

Federal and state law require that OCSE wait until a certain amount of debt is reached before OCSE takes some actions, such as license suspension and tax offset certification. While OCSE cannot guarantee its success or collections, OCSE will utilize all available enforcement actions to attempt to obtain the support to which your child is entitled.



# THE LIFE OF A CASE

- 1. The custodial party opens a case, or the case is initiated by DHS because the custodial party is receiving cash assistance or is on Medicaid.
- 2. Paternity and/or a support order is established.
- 3. An order for child and medical support is established.
- 4. OCSE enforces the support order.
- 5. The order is modified, if necessary.
- 6. After the children emancipate and all arrears are paid, the case closes.

# AN OVERVIEW OF THE LEGAL PROCESS

If you already have a court order, OCSE will enforce that order. If you don't have an order for child support, OCSE will work to establish a court order. Every case will be different; this is a basic overview of the process to establish child support:

- 1. OCSE files a Complaint with the court.
- 2. OCSE has the noncustodial parent served with a Summons.
- 3. The noncustodial parent has 30 days to respond to the Summons.
  - a. If the noncustodial parent responds to the Summons by filing an Answer, then his or her information is considered in court. OCSE may draw up an agreed order.
  - b. If the noncustodial parent does not respond to the Summons by filing an Answer, then a default judgment occurs and the order goes before a judge. There may or may not be a court date, depending on the court's practice in that area.
- 4. The custodial party and noncustodial parent submit Affidavits of Financial Means.
- 5. The custodial party and noncustodial parent agree on support or appear in court.
- 6. The court sets the child support amount and issues the order.

Custodial Party Handbook

### SOME LEGAL TERMS AS THEY RELATE TO OCSE

**Answer** - the formal written statement by a party that responds to a complaint or motion stating the grounds for defense.

**Complaint** - a written statement that begins a civil lawsuit, in which OCSE details the claims against the noncustodial parent.

**Default Judgment** - a judgment awarding a custodial party the relief sought in the complaint because the noncustodial parent has failed to appear in court or otherwise respond to the complaint.

If you have an open enforcement case and you have a question about the legal process or any legal terms, contact your local child support office.

### HOW THE AMOUNT OF SUPPORT IS DECIDED

OCSE does not have the authority to decide the amount of child support that should be ordered. OCSE attorneys follow the Child Support Guidelines that are established by the Arkansas Supreme Court when deciding the amount of child support to ask for. Only a judge has the authority to set the amount of child support that is ordered.

### ABOUT YOUR OPEN ENFORCEMENT CASE

If you already have a court order for child support, the local office that serves that county will be working your case. For example, if your court order is out of Calhoun County, the El Dorado OCSE office will work your case, even though you may live in West Memphis. If you do not have a court order, the local office that serves the county in which you live will work your case. Local offices and the counties they serve are listed at the back of this book.

Once your request for services is processed, you will be mailed a letter with your case number and the name of your caseworker. If you have questions once your case is open, call your local office. Even though you will have a caseworker assigned to you, there are others in the office who will be able to assist you when you call. The local office will be able to answer any questions you have about actions taken on your case.



To make receiving and providing information about your case even easier, we offer a customer service website, OCSE MyCase, that allows you to do the following:

- View payments online
- View recent case activities
- View correspondence and forms provided by OCSE
- Electronically correspond with your local office
- Provide OCSE updated contact information about you and the noncustodial parent

To use OCSE MyCase, go to our website at *www.childsupport.arkansas.gov*. Click on the OCSE MyCase button and follow the instructions to register as a new user.

Note: information on OCSE MyCase will only pertain to the user. The noncustodial parent will not be able to see information about you (your address or place of employment), nor will you be able to see information about the noncustodial parent.



### **RECEIVING YOUR CHILD SUPPORT**

Payments are normally sent by electronic transfer to a prepaid debit card or by direct deposit to your bank.

### **PAYMENT HISTORY AND RECORDS**

You may access your payments made within the last six months by going online to *www.childsupport.arkansas.gov* and then to OCSE MyCase, or you may call our automated phone number at 1-800-264-2445. For a more complete pay history, contact the local office assigned to your case.

### CONFIDENTIALITY

Arkansas OCSE follows laws and guidelines for the use of personal information on each case only for purposes of establishing paternity and enforcing child support. Personal information collected and kept by OCSE is not public record. We will not share information about you or the children (for example, your location or place of employment) with the other parent.

### COMMON TERMS YOU MAY HEAR

- Arrears -child support that has gone unpaid.
- Central Office the State Headquarters of the Office of Child Support Enforcement.
- Clearinghouse the branch of the Office of Child Support Enforcement that processes all child support payments for the State of Arkansas. Official name: Arkansas Child Support Clearinghouse. Also known as the State Disbursement Unit (SDU).
- CP the Custodial Party.
- Emancipation the age of emancipation in Arkansas is 18. Unless a court order for child support specifically states otherwise, the noncustodial parent's duty to pay child support for a child will automatically end when the child turns 18; however, if the child is still attending high school, child support continues until the child graduates or at the end of the school year after the child reaches 19 years of age, whichever is earlier, or otherwise emancipates under State law. As each child in the support order emancipates, the noncustodial parent may be entitled to an adjustment in support for the remaining children.
- Modification the act of changing a current court order.
- NCP the Noncustodial Parent.
- OCSE the Office of Child Support Enforcement.
- SDU see Clearinghouse.

### **FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS**

### What does "arrears" mean?

"Arrears" is any amount of money that has been court ordered to be paid for child support, spousal support, and medical support, and that has not been paid.

### What happens if the noncustodial parent doesn't pay the court ordered amount?

If the noncustodial parent does not obey a support order, OCSE will take action to get payments started again. OCSE may suspend the noncustodial parent's driver's, professional, business, and/or hunting and fishing licenses; place a lien on personal and real property or accounts in financial institutions; intercept state and federal income tax refunds; or prevent the noncustodial parent from obtaining a passport. He or she may be taken back to court and found in contempt of court. If the noncustodial parent is found in contempt of court he or she may be fined or sentenced to jail until he or she complies.

### How do I get my order increased?

The modification, or change, of a child support order is the legal process of changing the court ordered amount of support due under your order. Reviews are conducted in accordance with the Arkansas Child Support Guidelines. Support obligations could be adjusted up or down or could remain the same. You may:

- Hire an attorney to ask for a modification; or
- Contact the local office handling your case and request a Review and Adjustment of your support amount. You may make this request once every three years or when there has been a significant change in the noncustodial parent's income. Once a request for a review of support has been started, the process will be completed, even if the amount of payments go down.

### What happens to my child support if the noncustodial parent is incarcerated?

The child support obligation does not go away. Arrears will continue to increase month after month unless the court changes the order. However, normally no action can be taken to collect while the noncustodial parent is incarcerated. If the noncustodial parent participates in a work release program while in prison, the child support obligation may be deducted from those wages.

**How does buying my child gifts affect the noncustodial parent's child support payments?** Generally, courts do not allow gifts to a child to take the place of cash child support and require that child support payments be paid as ordered by the court.

What if the noncustodial parent refuses to pay child support but insists on visitation with my child? OCSE has no authority to assist you with access and visitation issues. You may wish to contact an attorney.

### How will I know what is happening with my case?

The best and easiest way is by using MyCase, our customer service website. MyCase allows you to see actions taken on your case, payment information, and communicate with your local child support office. To register as a new user, go to *www.childsupport.arkansas.gov*. Click on the OCSE MyCase button and follow the instructions to register.

### What about medical insurance?

If you wish to be the parent responsible for providing health insurance, let us know on your application for child support; or, if you already have an enforcement case open, contact your local office. If the court directs you to provide health insurance through your employer and you fail to enroll the child within the specified amount of time, OCSE will notify your employer to enroll the child and deduct the premiums from your wages.



We hope this handbook has been helpful in understanding more about the Arkansas Office of Child Support Enforcement. If you would like more information, please contact your local child support office, call 1-877-731-3071, or check our website at *www.childsupport.arkansas.gov*.

Child Support. They're counting on you.

#### **Batesville OCSE**

1602 Batesville Blvd Batesville, AR 72501 Phone: (870) 251-4333 Counties served: Cleburne, Fulton, Independence, Izard, Stone

#### Camden OCSE

793 California Ave SW Camden, AR 71701 Phone: (870) 837-1838 Counties served: Cleveland, Ouachita

#### Helena-West Helena OCSE

648 N Sebastian Helena-W Helena, AR 72390 Phone: (870) 572-3545 Counties served: Phillips

#### Little Rock OCSE

322 S. Main St, Ste 100 Little Rock, AR 72201 Phone: (501) 371-5400 Counties served: Perry, Pulaski

#### Mena OCSE

806 10th St Mena, AR 71953 Phone: (479) 394-6339 Counties served: Montgomery, Polk, Scott

#### **Russellville OCSE**

800 East Main, Ste A Russellville, AR 72801 Phone: (479) 968-7051 Counties served: Conway, Johnson, Pope, Yell

#### Van Buren OCSE

3132 Alma Blvd Van Buren, AR 72956 Phone: (479) 471-8855 Counties served: Crawford, Franklin, Logan, Sebastian

#### Benton OCSE

318 Edison Ave, Ste 4 Benton, AR 72015 Phone: (501) 860-6162 Counties served: Grant, Hot Spring, Saline

#### **Conway OCSE**

2455 Washington Ave, Ste 107 Conway, AR 72032 Phone: (501) 329-1721 Counties served: Faulkner, Searcy, Van Buren

#### Hope OCSE

811 N Hervey Hope, AR 71801 Phone: (870) 777-8400 Counties served: Hempstead, Howard, Little River, Nevada, Pike

#### Lonoke OCSE

115 Jefferson St Lonoke, AR 72086 Phone: (501) 676-2736 Counties served: Lonoke

#### Monticello OCSE

428A West Gaines Monticello, AR 71655 Phone: (870) 367-8763 Counties served: Ashley, Bradley, Drew

#### Searcy OCSE

2701 East Race, Ste 2 Searcy, AR 72143 Phone: (501) 268-6164 Counties served: Prairie, White

### West Memphis OCSE

3821 N Airport Rd Marion, AR 72364 Phone: (870) 739-2555 Counties served: Crittenden

#### Berryville OCSE

LOCAL OFFICES OF CHILD SUPPORT

803 Champlin Berryville, AR 72616 Phone: (870) 423-2979 Counties served: Baxter, Boone, Carroll, Marion, Newton

#### El Dorado OCSE

307 American Rd, Ste 140 El Dorado, AR 71730 Phone: (870) 862-9785 Counties served: Calhoun, Columbia, Dallas, Union

### Hot Springs OCSE

2228 Albert Pike, Ste H Hot Springs, AR 71913 Phone: (501) 321-1561 Counties served: Clark, Garland

#### Lowell OCSE

122 N Bloomington, Ste A Lowell, AR 72745 Phone: (479) 770-5443 Counties served: Benton, Madison, Washington

#### Pine Bluff OCSE

3023 West 28th Ave Pine Bluff, AR 71603 Phone: (870) 534-5271 Counties served: Jefferson, Lincoln

#### Stuttgart OCSE

211 South Leslie St Stuttgart, AR 72160 Phone: (870) 673-2721 Counties served: Arkansas

Blytheville OCSE 1102 Byrum Rd Blytheville, AR 72315 Phone: (870) 763-5970 Counties served: Mississippi

#### **Forrest City OCSE**

3945 N Washington Forrest City, AR 72335 Phone: (870) 633-7745 Counties served: Cross, Lee, Monroe, St. Francis, Woodruff

#### Jonesboro OCSE

2006 Latourette Dr Jonesboro, AR 72404 Phone: (870) 972-5510 Counties served: Craighead, Greene, Poinsett

#### McGehee OCSE

504 Hwy 65 North McGehee, AR 71654 Phone: (870) 222-4818 Counties served: Chicot, Desha

#### **Pocahontas OCSE**

1905 Old County Rd Pocahontas, AR 72455 Phone: (870) 892-4911 Counties served: Clay, Jackson, Lawrence, Randolph, Sharp

#### Texarkana OCSE

210 N State Line Ave, Ste 400 Texarkana, AR 71854 Phone: (870) 772-3443 Counties served: Lafayette, Miller, Sevier





Office of Child Support Enforcement 1-877-731-3071 www.childsupport.arkansas.gov

Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration Revenue Division

